Title	Recognition and initial treatment of patients with
<b>-</b>	vital instability
Description	<ul> <li>Evaluate patient with the 'ABCD' approach;</li> </ul>
	Measure and interpret vital signs;
	Based on the above, come to a clinical evaluation;
	In case of emergency: call directly for help/supervision;
	<ul> <li>Initiate Basic Life Support, perform bag-mask-ventilation and airway</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>manoeuvres and start intravenous fluid therapy;</li> <li>Be a member of the resuscitation team;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Be a member of the resuscitation team;</li> <li>Discern limitations in capability.</li> </ul>
	This EPA does <u>not</u> comprise:
	<ul> <li>Provision of advanced cardiac/trauma life support, completely</li> </ul>
	and/or indirectly supervised
	Care for paediatric patients with vital instability (< 16 years)
Link to competency	CanMEDS (Dutch KNMG version):
domains	<ul> <li>Medical Expert: applies diagnostic, therapeutic, preventive repertoire (1.2)</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Communicator: reports adequately on a case, orally and in writing</li> </ul>
	(2.4)
	Collaborator: consults others effectively (3.1), efficacious in
	interdisciplinary collaboration (3.4)
	<ul> <li>Manager: works effectively within a system (6.2)</li> </ul>
	Professional: discerns limits of competence (7.3)
Required knowledge,	Knowledge
skills, and attitudes	<ul> <li>Knowledge of normal ranges for blood pressure, heart rate,</li> </ul>
(level of doctor in	respiratory rate, saturation and temperature;
postgraduate year 1)	Knowledge of symptoms of threatened vital parameters
	<ul> <li>Knowledge of Glasgow Coma Scale (GCS) and primary neurological survey;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Knowledge of causes of disturbances in consciousness;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Knowledge of Basic Life Support;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Knowledge of principles of advanced cardiac and trauma life</li> </ul>
	support;
	<ul> <li>Knowledge of 4Hs, 4Ts, shock and no-shock algorithms;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Knowledge of indications for and application of (Automatic) External Defibrillators;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Knowledge of effective communication protocols to call for help (e.g. SBARR method);</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Knowledge of local protocols regarding acute intervention teams,</li> </ul>
	emergency telephone number, resuscitation team etcetera;
	<ul> <li>Knowledge of equipment and materials for basic interventions in</li> </ul>
	'ABC' (e.g. infusion materials, AMBU-bag, non-rebreathing mask,
	Mayo tube) including (contra-)indications;
	<ul> <li>Knowledge of levels of care on different wards (normal ward to ICLU);</li> </ul>
	<ul><li>ICU);</li><li>Knowledge of indications to stop resuscitation efforts</li></ul>
	Skills
	Asks timely for help/supervision with an effective communication
	protocol (e.g. SBARR) and locally applicable emergency procedure;
	Performs and interprets a systematic physical exam according to
	'ABCD' and monitoring of vital signs;

	<ul> <li>Clinical judgment based on 'ABCD' and vital parameters;</li> <li>Provides probable diagnosis regarding the cause of the vital instability;</li> <li>Gives and receives orders/tasks and confirms the order/task and its execution;</li> <li>Proposes a management plan;</li> <li>Proposes orders regarding treatment;</li> <li>Initiates Basic Life Support;</li> <li>Performs Basic Life Support skills and part-tasks;</li> <li>Performs bag-mask ventilation and airway manoeuvres (head tilt/chin lift, jaw thrust);</li> <li>Sites a peripheral intravenous catheter;</li> <li>Defibrillates a shockable rhythm with (automatic) external defibrillator;</li> <li>Reports in medical record;</li> <li>Provides a structured handover of a patient with vital instability to colleague/supervisor/ward.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li><u>Attitudes</u> <ul> <li>Discerns and acknowledges personal limits of knowledge, skill and capability and can adequately reflect on this;</li> <li>Situational awareness;</li> <li>Is set to short cycles of assessment, treatment, and re-assessment;</li> <li>Collaborates in a team in an emergency setting;</li> <li>Reveals professional role and level;</li> <li>Professional conduct towards patient and/or relatives;</li> <li>Uses Evidence Based Medicine.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Information to assess progress	<ul> <li><u>Workplace assessment</u> <ul> <li>Mini-CEXs with regard to the evaluation of patients with or without vital instability, including indicating necessity for (acute) intervention and with regard to discernment of personal limits of capability;</li> <li>Multisource feedback: performance as a team member in urgent and non-urgent settings;</li> </ul> </li> <li><u>Assessment of knowledge, skills and attitudes</u> <ul> <li>Knowledge examination (written, variety of formats);</li> <li>Clinical reasoning and know-how (case-based discussions);</li> <li>Demonstration of isolated skills in non-clinical setting (Objective Structured Examination of Clinical Skills);</li> <li>Reflection forms regarding performance, difficult moments, discernment of limitations.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Target level of supervision (entrustment)	Simulation of acute care settings. Indirect supervision (immediately available): evaluation and initial management, awaiting arrival of help/supervisor
When is unsupervised practice expected?	At the end of DTY Acute Care